A first release of ν Solve

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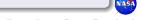




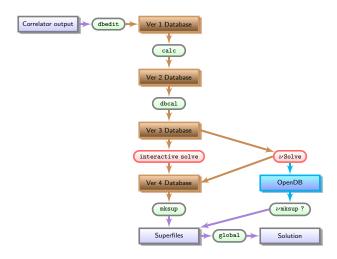
VLBI data analysis software

- New generation VLBI data analysis software
 - Increase in number of observations.
 - VLBI2010 introduce new observables.
- History of development
 - The IVS Working Group on VLBI data structures (IVS WG4) was established in 2007.
 - In August of 2009 the VLBI group at the NASA GSFC started the development of new VLBI data analysis software.
 - A design of system architecture was presented at the IVS General Meeting at Hobart (Tasmania) in 2010.
 - \bullet We demonstrated a prototype version of $\nu \textbf{Solve}$ at the 20 th EVGA Meeting in Bonn, 2011.
- νSolve and VLBI data flow
 - vSolve is designed to replace most sensitive and user time consuming part of CALC/SOLVE system, interactive SOLVE.
 - It produces Version 4 databases: edited, ambiguity resolved and with ionospheric corrections.
- In this presentation we will cover the current status of the software development process.





Geodetic VLBI data flow







Software development environment

The software is designed to (but not limited) work under ${\sf Linux/GNU}$ operation system.

It is written in C++ programing language.

We distribute the software code and use GNU Build System to make it portable.

It uses the **Qt** library for high level data abstraction and system **libc**, **libm** for low level system functions.

Currently, it consists of two parts:

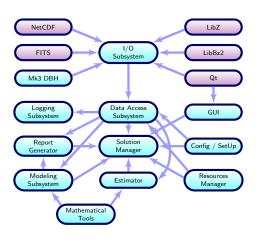
- Space Geodesy Library, where all algorithms are implemented (90% of source code);
- an executable $\nu Solve$ a driver that calls the library and organizes work with an end-user (10% of source code).







Modular structure of the software



System Decomposition

To keep our system stable and flexible we designed it modular.

Module is a logical block of code that is loosely tied with other parts of the software.

Each arrow on the diagram represents a **dependency** or, in other words, provides information (types, function calls, constants).

Only main **dependencies** are shown on the diagram.







General features

Current functionality

The software is able:

- Read/Write files in Mk3 DBH format;
- Display various information that were stored in the files;
- Process a single VLBI session and save results;
- Estimate various parameters;
- Detect and process clock breaks;
- Resolve ambiguity;
- Perform ionospheric correction;
- Calibrate weights of observations;
- Eliminate outliers;





General features

Current functionality

The software is able:

- The software is able to read and write data in Mk3 DBH format.
- It can also use new OpenDB format.
- There is no limitations on number of stations, sources or observations.
- It can work either through CALC/SOLVE catalog subsystem or in a standalone mode.
- Process of VLBI data analysis can be automated,







General features

Data processing

- Single session mode:
 - vSolve is designed to analyze a single session, performs necessary calibrations and data editing.
 - Later it will evolve in powerful session editor that allows us to fix all known anomalies of the VLBI observation.
- Multiple session mode:
 - A separate executable (driver) will be developed to perform data analysis of multiple sessions of VLBI observations.





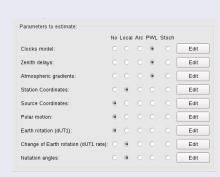


Estimator

Estimated parameters

We can estimate:

- Clock parameters;
- Zenith delays and theirs gradients;
- Stations positions;
- Sources coordinates:
- Polar motion:
- · Earth rotation and its rate;
- Angles of nutation.



Estimated parameters





Estimator

Types of parameters

- The estimated parameters can be modeled as:
 - Local parameter an unbiased parameter determined for whole session
 - Arc parameter an unbiased parameter estimated for specified by user interval (e.g., 1 hour)
 - Piecewise linear function, coefficients of continuous linear function are estimated from data, an interval between nodes is specified by user
 - Stochastic parameters
- There is no limitations on length of arcs or step between nodes of piecewise linear functions



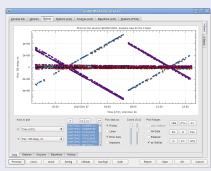




Clock break correction

Clock break processing

- To compensate a clock break, νSolve adds a step-wise linear function to the station clocks.
- There are session wide and band dependent clock break models.
- Clock breaks can be detected and corrected in automatic, semi-automatic and manual mode



Example of a 1 second clock break



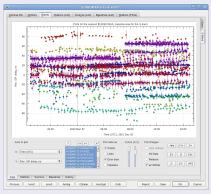




Ambiguities

Ambiguity resolution

- Ambiguity resolution is done using ideas implemented in CALC/SOLVE.
- There is no assumption about ambiguity spacing. ν Solve can process sessions with mixed ambiguity spacing.
- In addition, there is ability to adjust multipliers of ambiguity manually.



Group delay residuals with unresolved ambiguities

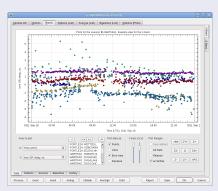




Ionosphere

Ionospheric correction

- From dual band observations the group delay, phase rate and phase delay ionospheric corrections are evaluated.
- Ionospheric corrections are performed after clock breaks and ambiguity resolutions were processed.



Impact of ionospheric effect on group delay residuals





Reweighting

Observations weights calibration

- Weight calibration is performed to keep normalized χ^2 equal to unit.
- Two modes of reweighting:
 - Session wide;
 - Baseline dependent.
- Reweighting is performed in conjunction with outlier elimination.





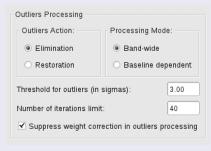


Reweighting control GUI

Outliers

Outliers processing

- Outlier is an observation which absolute value of normalized residual is greater than user specified threshold.
- Two modes of outliers processing:
 - Session wide;
 - Baseline dependent.
- Excluded observations can be included back in restoration action.
- Outlier elimination is performed in conjunction with reweighting.



Outliers processing control GUI





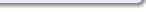
Data processing

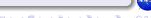
VLBI data processing

- Read observations
- Obtain single band delay solution
- Check for clock breaks
- Resolve ambiguities in both bands
- Check for clock breaks
- Evaluate ionosphere corrections
- Add to estimated parameters zenith delays and station positions
- Manually remove big outliers

- Switch estimated parameters (clocks and zenith delays) to PWL functions
- Manually remove large outliers
- Add to estimated parameters UT1 rate and angles of nutation
- Calibrate weights of observations
- Eliminate outliers
- Iterate reweighting/outlier processing
- Save results







First public release

A first public release will be in the forthcoming release of CALC/SOLVE system.

Following functions need to be implemented before the public release:

- Add ability to use external a priori information, νSolve uses data from databases only;
- Add additional models, vSolve applies models that were calculated by CALC (except tropospheric effects).

After public release we expect users feedback to improve the software.

Thank you for attention!



